The typical Tabernacle.
The Tabernacle, in its Court, Holy and Most Holy, in its furniture, priests and sacrifices, illustrated the most important features of the Divine plan. St. Paul informs us that the bullock of the sin-offering on the Day of Atonement typified Jesus in the flesh. The killing of the bullock represented the sacrifice of Jesus, begun at His baptism. Carrying the blood into the Holy represented the consecration of the antitypical priest, the veil thus symbolizing the death of His will, because of which He is accepted as a New Creature. The High Priest passing under the veil typified the man Christ Jesus pouring out His soul on Calvary.

The High Priest sprinkling the Mercy-Seat typified Jesus, in Heaven itself, offering to Justice His own sacrifice. The High Priest washing and dressing in the Court represented the Christ complete, changing from the “Body of humiliation” to conditions of glory and power. Glad in His robes of glory, the High Priest represented Messiah, empowered to bless mankind. (Exodus 28:2; Philippians 3:21.) Aaron blessing the people typified Messiah at His Second Advent blessing “all people.”